

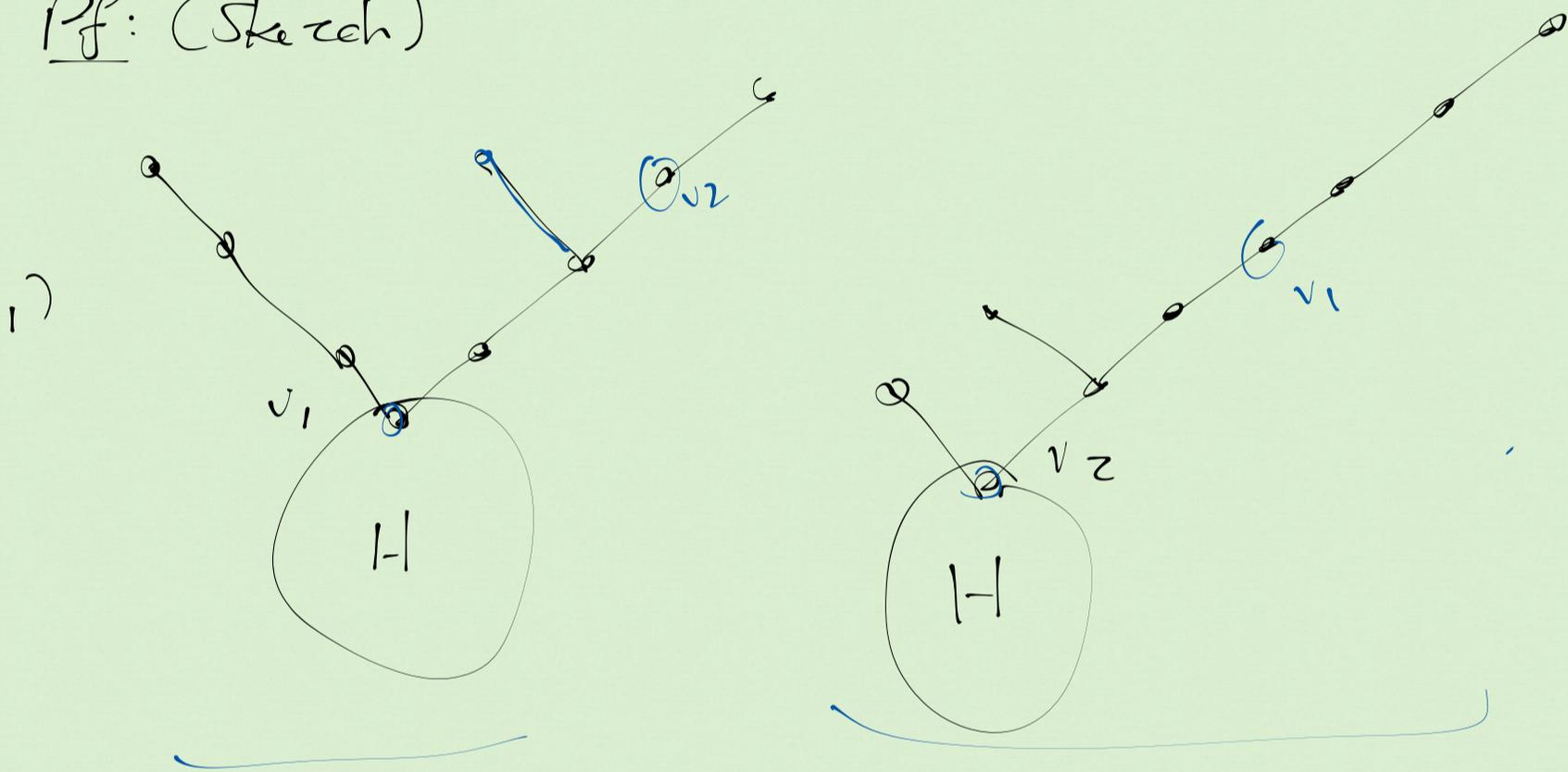
Open Problems

1. Cellular algebras of Schreier Trees

Thm (Schreier)

Almost all trees have a respectful mate

Pf: (Sketch)



are respectful, $\forall H$. tree

2) almost every tree has one of these
as a "limb".

let X_1, X_2 be Schreier's tree with H at
 v_1, v_2 , resp.

let $\mathcal{M}_1, \mathcal{M}_2$ be the cellular algebras of X_1, X_2
resp.

Is there a weak iso. $\phi: \mathcal{M}_1 \rightarrow \mathcal{M}_2$ s.t.

$$\phi(AC(X_1, 1)) = AC(X_2) ?$$

Note: is true when \mathcal{H} is \bullet (then, these two vertices are strongly cofree)?

2. extensions of DRGs. & tensorizer algebras.

X, Y are DRGs with n vs

x_1, \dots, x_n and y_1, \dots, y_n

s.t. $T(x_i)$ \cong $T(y_i)$ as algebras and

\exists iso which sends $A_i(X) \rightarrow A_i(Y)$

and $E_j(X_{x_i}) \rightarrow E_j(Y_{y_i})$.

Is there a weak iso $\widehat{W}_2(X) \rightarrow \widehat{W}_2(Y)$?

What about $\widehat{W}_3(X)$ \rightarrow $\widehat{W}_3(Y)$?

3. Jaeger algebras X, X'

If $J_3 \cong J_3'$ \Rightarrow $\widehat{W}_2(X)$ $\xrightarrow{\text{weak iso}}$ $\widehat{W}_2(Y)$?

$J_4 \cong J_4'$ \Rightarrow $\widehat{W}_3(X)$ $\xrightarrow{\text{weak iso}}$ $\widehat{W}_3(Y)$?

4. Does there exist two Latin square graphs X, Y
 $\widehat{W}_2(X) \xrightarrow[\text{iso}]{\text{weak}} \widehat{W}_2(Y)$?

Note: by Bose, if a connected regular graph
is isospectral to a Latin square graph of
order $n > 25$, then it is itself a
Latin square graph.

For $n=6$, there are 12 main iso. classes of
Latin square and 32 536 Latin square
"imposters".

↙ main classes
not imposters.

For $n=7$, unknown.

there are 147 LSs.

For $n=8$, there are 288 687 LSs.

More Broad problems

Open problem: Is there a DRG of large diameter with no non-trivial automorphisms?

Question X, Y with $\hat{W}_2(X) \not\cong \hat{W}_2(Y)$, how do we find an easy certificate?

$\exists M(X)$ s.t. $M(X) \mapsto M(Y)$ for every weak iso in \hat{W}_k ? \leftarrow

Open problem

\hat{W}_2 for edge-distance regular graphs.

Question: higher "symmetry"

\mathcal{P} is a class of graphs

X is locally \mathcal{P} -homogeneous if whenever $U \subseteq V(X)$

and $X[U] \in \mathcal{P}$, then each vert. of U extends to an aut. of X .

\hat{W}_2 of \mathcal{P} -homogeneous graphs

Question: higher transitivity

n -transitive: whenever 2 n -tuples are Rometric

\Rightarrow there is an aut taking the first to the second.

distance-transitive = 2-transitive.

Thm (Cameron) 6 -transitive graph \Rightarrow

complete multipartite, complete bipartite with a
matching deleted or a cycle or 3 special
graphs on 9, 12 and 20 vxs

\Rightarrow n -trans $\forall n$. \hookrightarrow Paley \hookrightarrow icosahedron

For these, find Schur bases of \hat{W}_k $k=2,3,\dots$?

20 vx graph: vx \supset 3-subsets of $[6]$

$a \sim b$ iff $|a \cap b| = 2$. $\mathcal{J}(6,3,2)$

