

Connection to Lovász-Schrifver Procedures

Theorem: Suppose P_F contains $\pm x_i(1-x_i) \leq 0$, $\forall i \in \{1, 2, \dots, n\}$. Let C_k be generated by $D_1 := \{\pm e_i : i \in \{1, 2, \dots, n\}\}$, $D_2 := S^n$. Then

$$N_+^k(K_0) = \text{cone} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ x \end{pmatrix} : x \in C_k \right\}, \quad \text{SSDPR}$$

$$N^k(K_0) = \text{cone} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ x \end{pmatrix} : x \in C_k \right\}. \quad \text{S SILPR}$$

Kojima, T. (Math. Prog. [2000])

NOTE that the discretized alg.s with small subsets D_2 may generate much worse $\{C_k\}$.