- 1: Determine which of the following are groups and which of the groups are abelian.
  - (a)  $G = \{1, 4, 7, 10, 13\}$  under multiplication modulo 15.
  - (b)  $G = \{p(x) = ax + b | a \in U_4, b \in \mathbb{Z}_4\}$  under composition of polynomials.
  - (c)  $G = \{x \in \mathbb{R} | x > 1\}$  under the operation \* given by x \* y = xy x y + 2.
- **2:** Let G be a group with identity e.
  - (a) Let  $a, b \in G$  with  $a^4 = e$  and  $ab = ba^2$ . Show that a = e.
  - (b) Let  $a, b \in G$  with  $a^{16} = b^9$  and  $a^{25} = b^{14}$ . Show that a = b.
  - (c) Let  $a, b \in G$  with  $|a| = 2, b \neq e$  and  $ab = b^2 a$ . Find |b| and |ab|.
- **3:** (a) Write out the multiplication table for  $U_{20}$ .
  - (b) Find the order of each element in  $U_{20}$ .
  - (c) Solve  $x^3y^6 = 3$  for  $x, y \in U_{20}$ .
- 4: When R is a commutative ring (with identity), the set  $M_n(R)$  of  $n \times n$  matrices with entries in R is a ring (with identity) under matrix addition and matrix multiplication. The subsets  $GL_n(R) = \{A \in M_n(R) \mid \det A \in R^*\}$ ,  $SL_n(R) = \{A \in M_n(R) \mid \det A = 1\}$ ,  $O_n(R) = \{A \in M_n(R) \mid A^T A = I\}$  and  $SO_n(R) = \{A \in O_n(R) \mid \det A = 1\}$  are groups (with identity) under matrix multiplication.
  - (a) Find  $|SL_2(\mathbb{Z}_5)|$ .
  - (b) Find every element of order 2 in  $SL_2(\mathbb{Z}_5)$ .
  - (c) Find  $|O_2(\mathbb{Z}_5)|$  and  $|SO_2(\mathbb{Z}_5)|$ .