

PMATH 347 Groups and Rings, Exercises for Chapter 4

1: (a) Define $\phi : \mathbb{Z}_{60} \rightarrow U_{45}$ by $\phi(k) = 2^k$. Show that ϕ is a group homomorphism, and find $\text{Ker}(\phi)$ and $\text{Im}(\phi)$.

(b) Define $\psi : SL(n, \mathbb{R}) \times \mathbb{R}^* \rightarrow GL(n, \mathbb{R})$ by $\psi(A, t) = tA$. Show that ψ is a group homomorphism and find $\text{Ker}(\psi)$ and $\text{Im}(\psi)$.

2: Show that no two of the groups \mathbb{Z}_8 , U_{16} , D_4 and \mathbb{Z}_2^3 are isomorphic.

3: Find the number of elements of each order in $U_{55} \times A_4$.

4: (a) Find the number of homomorphisms from \mathbb{Z}_{12} to D_9 .

(b) Find the number of homomorphisms from D_9 to \mathbb{Z}_{12} .

5: (a) Find the number of homomorphisms from $\mathbb{Z}_4 \times \mathbb{Z}_6$ to itself.

(b) Find the number of homomorphisms from $\mathbb{Z}_4 \times \mathbb{Z}_6$ to D_{12} .

6: Let $f : S_3 \rightarrow \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ be the bijection given by the table of values

α	(1)	(12)	(13)	(23)	(123)	(132)
$f(\alpha)$	1	2	3	4	5	6

and let $\phi : S_3 \rightarrow S_6$ be the isomorphism given by $\phi(\alpha) = f \circ L_\alpha \circ f^{-1}$, where $L_\alpha(\beta) = \alpha\beta$ for all $\beta \in S_3$. List all the elements in $\phi(S_3)$

7: Find $|\text{Inn}(Q)|$, where $Q = \{1, i, j, k, -1, -i, -j, -k\}$ is the **quaternionic** group, which has the following multiplication table (Q is not isomorphic to any group from Exercise 2).

	1	i	j	k	-1	$-i$	$-j$	$-k$
1	1	i	j	k	-1	$-i$	$-j$	$-k$
i	i	-1	k	$-j$	$-i$	1	$-k$	j
j	j	$-k$	-1	i	$-j$	k	1	$-i$
k	k	j	$-i$	-1	$-k$	$-j$	i	1
-1	-1	$-i$	$-j$	$-k$	1	i	j	k
$-i$	$-i$	1	$-k$	j	i	-1	k	$-j$
$-j$	$-j$	k	1	$-i$	j	$-k$	-1	i
$-k$	$-k$	$-j$	i	1	k	j	$-i$	-1